

AQUAMINE PRODUCTS ENGINEERING DATA



Aquamine Products Engineering Data

Primary Specifications and Performance Characteristics:

Aquamine pipe and couplings are made from a special formulation of poly(vinyl chloride) or PVC. The PVC material used is designated as Class 12454 in accordance with **ASTM D 1784**. It has a hydrostatic design stress of 2000 psi (14 MPa). The Aquamine PVC formulation includes impact modifiers, heat stabilizers and ultraviolet inhibitors to give it a higher impact strength over a longer period of time. It is formulated for tough, extreme duty applications where normal PVC pipe would not survive very long.

Aquamine products meet or exceed the following minimum requirements for Class 12454 as listed on Table 1 of **ASTM D 1784**.

Please note that the values listed on the above table are minimum values. Aquamine pipe includes special additives which improve performance properties above these minimums.

For example, Izod impact test values for Aquamine pipe have been regularly demonstrated to exceed 1.15 ft-lbs per inch of notch.

Aquamine pipe is extruded to meet or exceed all requirements of **ASTM D 2241** – Standard Specification for Poly(Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Pressure-Rated Pipe (SDR Series). Also, Aquamine pipe meets **ASTM F 1057** – Standard Practice for Estimating the Quality of Extruded Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Pipe by the Heat Reversion Technique.

All Aquamine joints and couplings conform to **ASTM D 3139** – Specification for Joints for Plastic Pressure Pipes Using Flexible Elastomeric Seals.

All O-rings used in Aquamine products meet **ASTM F 477** – Specification for Elastomeric Seals (Gaskets) for Joining PVC Pipe. The standard o-ring material used in all Aquamine products is polyisoprene (IR).

Property	Value	ASTM Test Spec. No.
Tensile Strength, min	7,000 PSI (48.3 MPa)	D638
Modulus of Elasticity, min.	400,000 PSI (2758 MPa)	D638
Impact Strength (Izod) min.	0.65 ft-lbs./in. (34.7 J/m) of notch	D256
Deflection Temp., min.	158°F (70°C)	D648
Flammability	Self-extinguishing	D635
Chemical Resistance	B	D543

NSF Listing:

Aquamine pipe, couplings and fittings are NSF certified under ANSI/NSF 61 and ANSI/NSF 372. Potable water approvals are based on testing of the product's wetted components. Reference should always be made to the approval agency for specifics on approvals. Aquamine products are certified to a cold temperature of +73°F/ +23°C.

Canadian Fire Resistance and Anti-Static Compliance:

Aquamine pipe has been tested by Energy, Mines and Resources Canada, and has been certified to comply with Canadian Standards Association CAN/CSA M427-M91 "Fire Performance and Antistatic Requirements for Ventilation Materials" for water service applications in gaseous underground mines. (Ref: Certificate No. 992)

Job/Owner

System No.	
Location	

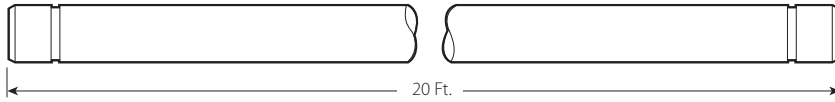
Contractor

Submitted By	
Date	

Engineer

Spec Section	
Paragraph	
Approved	
Date	

Dimensions:



Nominal Size inches mm	SDR	Pressure Rating psi kPa	Pipe O.D. inches. mm	Minimum Wall inches. mm	Weight Per Ft. Lbs Kg	Coupling O.D. (COD) inches mm	Coupling Length (CL) inches mm	Coupling Weight Each
								Lbs Kg
2 50	17	250 1724	2.375 60.3	0.140 3.56	0.69 0.3	3.20 81.28	5.25 133.35	0.92 0.4
	21	200 1379	2.375 60.3	0.113 2.88	0.57 0.3	3.20 81.28	5.25 133.35	0.92 0.4
3 80	17	250 1724	3.500 88.9	0.206 5.21	1.45 0.7	4.38 111.25	7.25 184.15	1.90 0.9
	21	200 1379	3.500 88.9	0.167 4.24	1.19 0.5	4.38 111.25	7.25 184.15	1.90 0.9
4 100	12.4	350 2413	4.500 114.3	0.363 0.265	2.96 1.3	6.00 152.40	8.25 209.55	5.04 2.3
	17	250 1724	4.500 114.3	0.265 6.73	2.40 1.1	5.47 138.94	8.25 209.55	3.07 1.4
	21	200 1379	4.500 114.3	0.214 5.44	1.96 0.9	5.47 138.94	8.25 209.55	3.07 1.4
	26	160 1103	4.500 114.3	0.173 4.39	1.60 0.7	5.47 138.94	8.25 209.55	3.07 1.4
6 150	12.4	350 2413	6.625 168.3	0.534 13.56	6.42 2.9	8.72 221.49	8.25 209.55	10.46 4.7
	17	250 1724	6.625 168.3	0.390 9.91	5.20 2.4	7.84 199.14	8.25 209.55	5.62 2.5
	21	200 1379	6.625 168.3	0.316 8.03	4.26 1.9	7.84 199.14	8.25 209.55	5.62 2.5
	26	160 1103	6.625 168.3	0.255 6.48	3.46 1.6	7.84 199.14	8.25 209.55	5.62 2.5
8 200	12.4	350 2413	8.625 219.1	0.696 17.68	11.03 5.0	10.75 273.05	9.50 241.3	15.20 6.9
	17	250 1724	8.625 219.1	0.508 12.9	8.81 4.0	10.19 258.83	9.50 241.3	11.07 5.0
	21	200 1379	8.625 219.1	0.410 10.41	7.21 3.3	10.19 258.83	9.50 241.3	11.07 5.0
	26	160 1103	8.625 219.1	0.332 8.43	5.91 2.7	10.19 258.83	9.50 241.3	11.07 5.0
10 250	21	160 ¹ 1103	10.750 273.1	0.511 12.98	11.25 5.1	12.44 315.98	12.00 304.80	18.05 8.2
	26	160 1103	10.750 273.1	0.413 10.49	9.20 4.2	12.44 315.98	12.00 304.80	18.05 8.2
12 300	21	160 ¹ 1103	12.750 323.9	0.606 15.39	15.88 7.2	14.65 372.11	12.00 304.80	24.17 11.0
	26	160 1103	12.750 323.9	0.490 12.45	12.98 5.9	14.65 372.11	12.00 304.80	24.17 11.0

1 Pressure rating of these items are limited by the pressure rating of the coupling.

Impact/Resistance:

One of the key performance characteristics that sets Aquamine piping systems apart from regular PVC pipe is its high impact strength. Aquamine pipe is regularly tested for impact resistance according to the test procedures cited in **ASTM D2444**. This test uses a falling weight, or "tup", and impact values are recorded in foot-pounds of energy.

The following table lists the tested impact values for Aquamine pipe:

Nominal Size inches mm	Impact Values ft.-lbs. N·m			
	SDR 26	SDR 21	SDR 17	SDR 12.4
2 50	–	135 183	170 231	–
3 80	–	200 271	245 332	–
4 100	210 285	255 346	320 434	435 590
6 150	305 414	380 515	470 637	635 861
8 200	400 542	495 671	610 827	835 1132
10 250	500 678	530 719	– –	– –
12 300	500 678	530 719	– –	– –

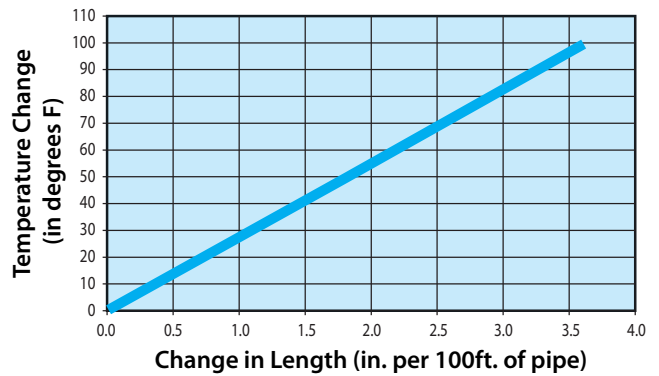
Flexibility/Resistance:

Aquamine PVC pipe is surprisingly flexible. It bends to follow rough overland terrain or the smooth curvature of an underground directional bore. In many cases, this feature will reduce the number of fittings that will be required. Bending the pipeline, however, can change the shape of the pipe at the o-ring seal in the coupling. To prevent possible leakage, please limit the amount of bending to the values in the table below:

Nominal Size inches mm	Min. Radius of Curvature feet meters	Offset per 20 ft. (6.1 m) Length inches mm
3 80	88 27	27 685.8
4 100	100 30	24 609.6
6 150	150 46	16 406.4
8 200	200 61	12 304.8
10 250	250 76	10 254.0
12 300	300 91	8 203.2

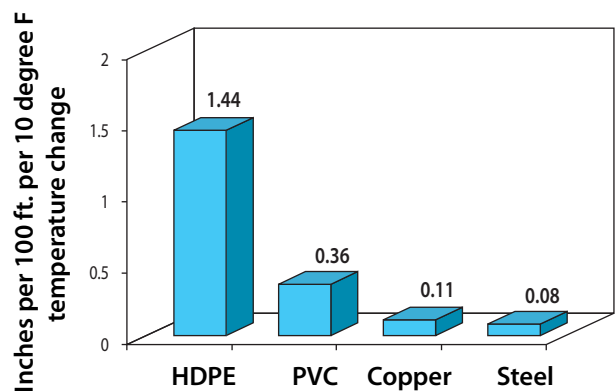
Thermal Expansion and Contraction:

All materials, including pipe, machinery, structures and buildings, experience dimensional changes as a result of changes in temperatures. Any pipe subjected to temperature changes should incorporate a means to accommodate thermal expansion/contraction to avoid excessive stresses. The following chart shows the expected thermal expansion or contraction for Aquamine PVC pipe with changes in temperature. It is based on a Thermal Expansion Coefficient of 3.0 x 10⁵ in./in./°F. This information may be used for estimating purposes when determining expected pipe growth or shrinkage. As a general rule, for every 10°F change in temperature, Aquamine PVC pipe will expand or contract 3/8 inches per 100 feet of pipe length.



Reference: Uni-Bell Handbook of PVC Pipe

PVC experiences greater thermal expansion than most metals and yet less than other thermoplastics, such as high density polyethylene (HDPE). The following chart shows, graphically, how the expansion of PVC compares to other materials.



Maximum Tensile Loads/Pulling Forces:

Whether Aquamine PVC pipe is being pulled through a horizontal directional bore or suspended vertically down a shaft, it is important not to exceed the maximum allowable, short-term tensile load or pulling force listed on the table below.

In cases where the pipe is also under pressure (such as a filled, working pipeline suspended in a vertical shaft) the end load developed from internal pressure should not be superimposed with the tensile pull load.

Maximum Pulling Force		
Nominal Size inches mm	SDR	Maximum Recommended Pulling Force (Straight Pull) lbs. kg
2 50	17 or 21	2,500 1,134
3 80	17 or 21	5,000 2,268
4 100	17 or 21	8,000 3,629
4 100	12.4	15,000 6,804
6 150	17 or 21	11,500 5,216
6 150	12.4	57,000 25,855
8 200	17 or 21	27,000 12,247
8 200	12.4	60,000 27,216
10 250	21 or 26	32,000 14,515
12 300	21 or 26	37,000 16,783

Pressure Rating at Elevated Temperatures:

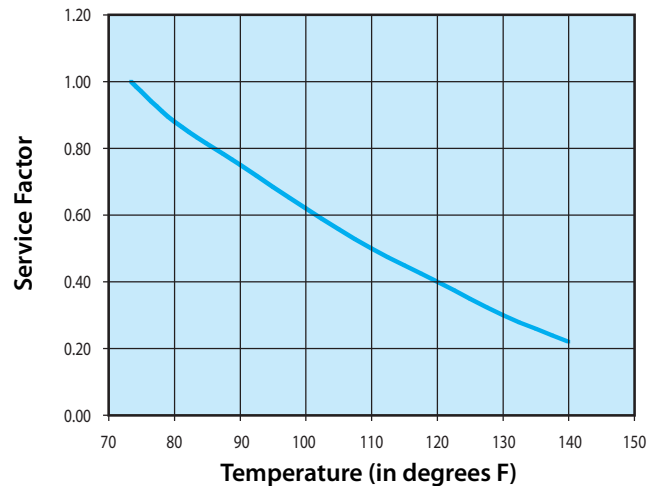
The published maximum working pressures of Aquamine PVC pipe/coupling assemblies are based on an ambient temperature of 73.4°F. The physical properties of PVC are very temperature-sensitive. As a result, the pressure ratings will decrease as the temperature increases. The following chart may be used to determine the pressure handling capability of Aquamine PVC products at temperatures above 73.4°F. Multiply the published working pressure by the PVC service factor for the intended operating temperature to find the reduced pressure rating at that temperature.

Example:

Find the pressure rating of 4" SDR17 Aquamine pipe (250 psi at 73.4°F) at 100°F.

Service Factor from chart is 0.62.

The rating of this pipe at 100°F would be 0.62 × 250 or 155 PSI.

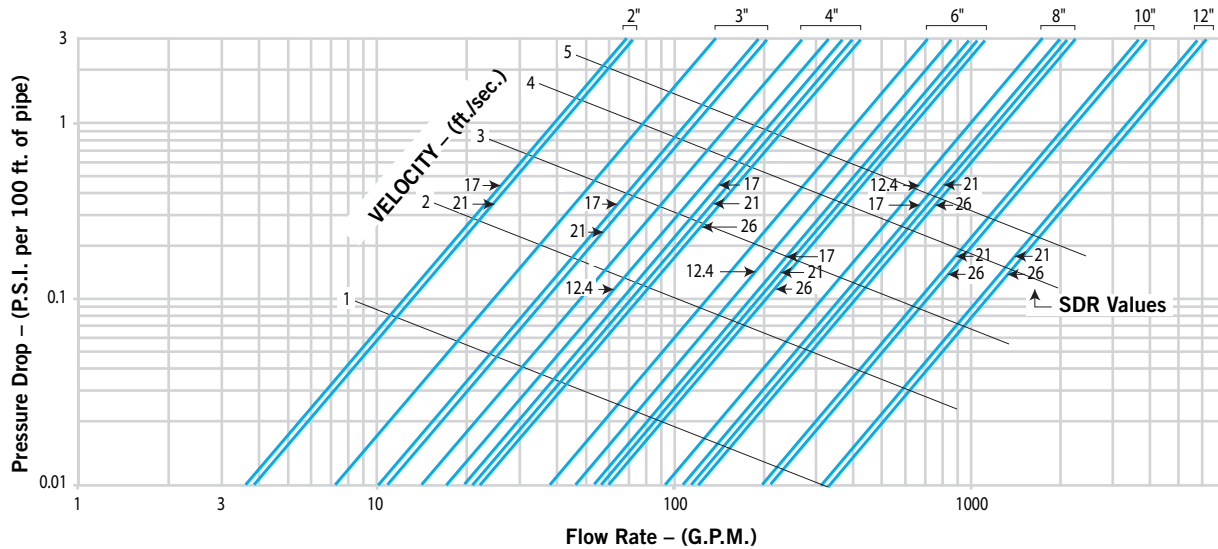


Ref PPI-TR-9, Recommended Design Factors for Pressure Application of Thermoplastic Piping Materials

Friction Loss:

The smooth inner wall of Aquamine PVC pipe provides for exceptionally low pressure loss due to friction compared with other common piping materials. The following charts provide typical flow friction loss values for Aquamine pipe versus flow rates. Flow friction losses through Aquamine couplings will be negligible, so the same values provided for the pipe may be used in system flow calculations. All values are based on the Hazen-Williams formula for friction loss using a flow coefficient of C = 150.

Good piping practice suggests that flow velocities for PVC pipe should be kept below 5 ft./sec. (1.5 m/sec.). Special considerations must be given to surge pressures and other conditions when velocities exceed 5 ft./sec. (1.5 m/sec.). These higher velocities also result in higher head losses.



Pressure Surges and Air Entrapment:

Pressure surges may occur when the flow rate is abruptly changed, such as during sudden pump start-up/shut-down or quick valve opening/slamming. Entrapped air pockets in piping systems may also generate pressure surges, as air is easily compressed and will tend to act like a spring which can store and release significant amounts of energy.

COMPRESSED AIR CAN CREATE A VERY DANGEROUS CONDITION IN A PVC PIPING SYSTEM AND MUST BE AVOIDED AT ALL TIMES.

Pressure surges can be minimized through good piping practices. These include:

- the proper use of ventilation devices to purge the system of any air which may become trapped in the line,
- the use of vacuum/pressure air relief valves at changes in grade and at high points in the piping system,
- the gradual start-up and shut-down of pumps to minimize sudden changes in flow rate.

The total system pressure, including the operating pressure, surge pressure and appropriate surge factor (as determined by the system designer) of up to 50 psi for every 1 ft./sec. change in flow velocity, must not exceed the maximum rated pressure of the pipe for the given operating temperature. In addition, flow velocity should ideally be kept below 3 or 4 ft./sec. and should never exceed 5 ft./sec. during operation. At startup, during the filling operation, the flow velocity should be kept low, below 1 ft./sec., until all the air is purged from the system.

Pipe/Coupling Support Spacing Design:

Hanger spacing for the various sizes and SDR wall thicknesses of Aquamine PVC pipe are provided in the table below. Pipe and water weight per foot are also provided. Please note that these values are for evenly distributed loads. Concentrated loads such as at valves and other flow devices will require additional support.

Nominal Size inches mm	SDR	Actual O.D. inches. mm	Minimum Wall Thickness inches. mm	Hanger Spacing	
				at 73.4° F (23° C) feet meters	at 120° F (49° C) feet meters
2 50	17	2.375 60.3	0.140 3.6	5.0 1.5	4.6 1.4
	21	2.375 60.3	0.113 2.9	4.8 1.5	4.4 1.3
3 80	17	3.500 88.9	0.206 5.2	6.5 2.0	6.0 1.8
	21	3.500 88.9	0.167 4.2	6.2 1.9	5.7 1.7
4 100	12.4	4.500 114.3	0.363 9.2	8.3 2.5	7.6 2.3
	17	4.500 114.3	0.265 6.7	7.7 2.4	7.1 2.2
	21	4.500 114.3	0.214 5.4	7.3 2.2	6.7 2.0
	26	4.500 114.3	0.173 4.4	6.9 2.1	6.3 1.9
6 150	12.4	6.625 168.3	0.534 13.6	10.7 3.3	9.9 3.0
	17	6.625 168.3	0.390 9.9	10.0 3.1	9.1 2.8
	21	6.625 168.3	0.315 8.0	9.4 2.9	8.7 2.7
	26	6.625 168.3	0.255 6.5	8.9 2.7	8.2 2.5
8 200	12.4	8.625 219.1	0.696 17.7	12.8 3.9	11.7 3.6
	17	8.625 219.1	0.502 12.8	11.9 3.6	10.9 3.3
	21	8.625 219.1	0.411 10.4	11.2 3.4	10.3 3.1
	26	8.625 219.1	0.332 8.4	10.6 3.2	9.8 3.0
10 250	21	10.750 273.1	0.511 13.0	13.0 4.0	12.0 3.7
	26	10.750 273.1	0.413 10.5	12.3 3.8	11.3 3.4
12 300	21	12.750 323.9	0.606 15.4	14.6 4.4	13.4 4.1
	26	12.750 323.9	0.490 12.5	13.8 4.2	12.7 3.9

SDR:

Aquamine pipe is designed to meet **ASTM D 2241**, which is the standard specification for PVC pressure-rated, SDR sized pipe. SDR stands for standard dimensional ratio. It simply means the ratio of the average outside diameter of the pipe to the minimum wall thickness.

Pressure – Stress Equation:

The pressure rating of PVC pipe is calculated in accordance with standard practice defined by the International Standards Organization (ISO) Equation R161-1960 which can be transposed as follows to define pressure rating:

$$P = \frac{2S}{(SDR - 1)}$$

Where:
 P = pressure rating, PSI
 S = design stress, PSI
 SDR = standard dimensional ratio

Calculated Pressure Rating:

Aquamine pipe is made from a special formulation of Type 1, Grade 1 PVC, Class 12454, in accordance with **ASTM D 1784**. According to **ASTM D 2241**, pipe manufactured with this material, designated as PVC1120, has a hydrostatic design stress of 2000 psi. (14Mpa). By using this design stress in the equation above, the pressure rating of the pipe can be calculated for any given SDR value. For example, the pressure rating for any SDR 21 pipe (200 psi.) is derived as follows:

$$P = \frac{2S}{(SDR - 1)} \quad P = \frac{2(2000)}{(21 - 1)} \quad P = 200\text{PSI}$$

This pressure rating represents the maximum allowable system operating pressure including pressure surges.

Sustained Pressure:

Unlike many non-plastic pipes, which show insignificant changes over time, the hydrostatic pressure capacity of PVC pipe is time dependent. By using long term testing methods as defined in **ASTM D 1598** and **D 2837**, results can be plotted to generate a stress vs. time line also known as a stress regression curve. The response of PVC pipe to the applied hoop stress after a period of 100,000 hours (11.4 years) determines the Hydrostatic Design Basis (HDB). For Aquamine pipe this HDB is equal to 4000 psi. (27.58Mpa). The following table shows the minimum sustained pressures that pipe with material designation PVC 1120 must meet according to **ASTM D 2241**. Aquamine pipe exceeds these values.

Minimum Sustained Pressure for water at 73° F/23° C

SDR	PSI/kpa
12.4	735 5067
17	530 3564
21	420 2895
26	340 2344

Quick Burst Pressure:

The following table lists the minimum quick burst pressures that Aquamine pipe meets. In the quick burst pressure test, pressure is applied for only 60 to 70 seconds. It is meant to be a quality control test only. Aquamine piping system design should be based on the pressure rating of the pipe and not the short term quick burst test results.

Minimum Quick Burst Pressure for water at 73° F/23° C

SDR	PSI/kpa
12.4	1120 7721
17	800 5515
21	630 4343
26	500 3447

Typical Specification For Aquamine Piping System:

1.0 SCOPE

This specification covers the requirements for a reusable, spline-connected, high impact polyvinyl chloride (PVC) piping system as manufactured by Victaulic.

The pipe and couplings used in this system shall be listed in NSF Certified Product Listing under ANSI/NSF61 and ANSI/NSF372, for potable water service.

NOTE: The Aquamine PVC piping system is not to be used in compressed air and gas service.

2.0 PIPE

Pipe shall be Aquamine high impact type manufactured from a special formulation of PVC 1120 defined as type 1, grade 1 (class 12454) according to ASTM D-1784 and shall contain impact modifiers and ultraviolet inhibitors to enhance long-term performance.

Pipe shall be designed to meet all PVC pipe requirements as specified in ASTM D-2241. Each pipe end shall be grooved to be connected using a specially designed coupling and spline.

Pipe shall be listed under ANSI/NSF61 and ANSI/NSF372 for potable water service.

3.0 COUPLINGS

Couplings shall be Victaulic Aquamine brand made from a special high impact formulation of PVC 1120 (type 1, grade 1 or class 12454 according to ASTM D-1784).

Couplings shall be designed to meet ASTM D-3139 standards for joints for plastic pressure pipes using flexible elastomeric seals.

Couplings shall provide a restrained joint by means of a nylon spline inserted into the space created when the groove on the pipe and the interior groove in the coupling are aligned.

Couplings shall contain a pre-lubricated permanent type O-ring seal on each end for a watertight hydraulic seal. The O-rings shall meet ASTM F-477 (Standard Specification for Elastomeric Seal for Joining PVC Pipe).

Couplings shall be listed under ANSI/NSF61 and ANSI/NSF372, for potable water.

4.0 FITTINGS

Fittings shall be manufactured by Victaulic with spline-grooved ends for use with Aquamine pipe and couplings.

5.0 VALVES

Valves shall be Aquamine AQV Series butterfly valves, rated 250 psi at 73° degrees F (1725kPa at 23° degrees C). NOTE: Operating pressure is reduced at temperatures greater than 70° degrees F. Ductile iron (ASTM A-536, grade 65-45-12) housing, PVC 1120 body. Ductile iron disc, rubber encapsulated with Grade "T" Nitrile compound conforming to ASTM D-2000 designation 5BG615A14B24.

6.0 ASSEMBLY

Assembly of Aquamine couplings and pipe shall be in accordance with the latest revision of the Aquamine Assembly and Installation Instructions AM-I-100.

Installation

Reference should always be made to the [I-100 Victaulic Field Installation Handbook](#) for the product you are installing. Handbooks are included with each shipment of Victaulic products for complete installation and assembly data, and are available in PDF format on our website at www.victaulic.com.

Warranty

Refer to the Warranty section of the current Price List or contact Victaulic for details.

Note

This product shall be manufactured by Victaulic or to Victaulic specifications. All products to be installed in accordance with current Victaulic installation/assembly instructions. Victaulic reserves the right to change product specifications, designs and standard equipment without notice and without incurring obligations.

Trademarks

Victaulic® is a registered trademark of Victaulic Company.