

he face of college campuses is changing to accommodate students in the digital age. In a bid to attract and retain students, universities are revitalizing aging structures and building new facilities that cater to today's students who work, study, and socialize differently from their predecessors.

Since September is Campus Fire Safety month, it is timely to look at how some of the newest fire protection technologies and innovations can help campuses grow and modernize while keeping a keen focus on safety.

## Safety by the Numbers

As the rate of campus renovations increases and buildings are expected to be a tool to differentiate one college from the next, the uptick in modernization is creating new challenges for the fire safety industry.

Following are five basic traits that characterize a modern (and still safe) fire protection system.

### 1. Advanced Design

The days of bulky, antiquated architecture are in the past. Today, structures on campuses strive to be innovative but inviting at the same time. From parking garages and breezeways to common areas and academic buildings, beauty and aesthetics are now as important as functionality. Multi-story atriums, cloud ceilings, and interior glass dominate the modern architecture that promises to deliver the creative environment, engaged learning, and digital connection universities are looking to provide.

For a fire protection system to fit into this new paradigm, campuses need to utilize components that are purposefully designed to enable this architectural freedom. Flexible sprinkler drops, for example, offer clear design and functionality advantages over hard pipe since they can mount to a wide range of ceilings and structures and accommodate unconventional building designs with the ideal pendant orientations.

In a recent application, an automatic sprinkler system needed to protect an auditorium that showcased a floating ceiling that could be raised or lowered depending on the event, acoustical, or theatrical needs. Traditional hard pipe sprinkler installations had difficulty protecting the space due to the variability

associated with the cloud ceiling, but a customized 16' flexible sprinkler drop, installed on an adjustable reel, was able to provide the necessary fire protection.

Where designers once had to incorporate bulky and unsightly soffits packed with insulation to keep sprinkler piping protected in conditioned areas to reduce freeze-ups on campuses prone to colder temperatures, water can now be moved farther into heated spaces within buildings by combining dry sprinklers with flexible drop technology. A flexible dry sprinkler can connect to the automatic sprinkler system then flexed through an exterior wall or covered balcony to protect an exterior space.

#### 2. Quick Installation

The pace at which universities and colleges are expanding and renovating has dramatically increased. As the shelf-life of technological innovations decreases so does the shelf-life of the buildings that utilize them, and updates are required faster and more often.

Just as grooved technology redefined pipe joining for fire protection systems, it has now eliminated the need for threaded connections on flexible hoses and even sprinkler heads. Utilizing grooved connections improves the speed at which sprinklers can be installed, especially around existing piping, duct work, or other obstructions, and reduces the pain and effort of moving sprinkler heads in the future when retrofitting buildings.

## 3. Reliability

Turnover in the field of skilled tradesmen and facilities management is growing while building complexity, and the associated fire protection systems, is increasing — two trends that make it increasingly important to use products that are designed and installed with confidence.

Grooved solutions that feature pad-to-pad connections can be inspected visually, allowing installers to know immediately that a coupling or flexible hose is installed properly. Flexible drops that are listed with a tighter bend radius reduce the chance of improper installations, while using proven kink-resistant solutions enable systems to deliver consistent functionality, full flow, and leak-free solutions.

# 4. Hassle-free Maintenance

Once a fire safety system is installed, it must be easy to maintain, or the savings attained from the easy installation are forfeited over the life of the system. Unlike threaded systems, those built with grooved technology make disassembly a clean, straightforward process. Changing out parts or making repairs is as easy as loosening and then retightening a couple of nuts and bolts with a ratchet or impact driver, which means tidier job sites with less

clutter, less threading oil, and less wear and tear on sprinkler fitters.

Furthermore, burst pipes due to freeze-ups are a safety and maintenance nightmare. Campuses that experience freezing winter temperatures should also consider flexible technology for dry sprinklers due to the ability to help reduce and eliminate system impairments that can be taxing on facilities managers.

Simply put, improved technology simplifies maintenance and can eliminate the need for repairs altogether, keeping systems up and running and avoiding shutdowns that displace tenants and disrupt day-to-day activities.



By using Victaulic's innovative systems designed for adaptability and confidence, it is possible to install fire safety systems that meet architectural design requirements without negatively impacting safety.

configurations or the hazards inside a room change.

Universities want beautiful buildings that can be erected or remodeled without compromising safety. By using innovative systems with superior, reliable components, it is possible to install fire safety systems that meet architectural design requirements without negatively impacting safety.

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if changing existing infrastructure means replacing

the entire system. With fire

protection systems construct-

ed using grooved solutions and standardized outlet sizes,

making changes becomes

a straightforward exercise

whether you use flexible hos-

es in concealed applications

or hard pipe in exposed ap-

plications. Adding or modi-

fying an existing system is no

longer invasive, expensive,

or time-consuming and can

be completed when room